

# **Food Irradiation**

## **Dose Rate Effect**

## **Dose Rate Effect in Food Irradiation**

- **Aim of all food processing methods is to minimize damage to the nutrients while maximizing damage to microorganisms**
- **Codex Alimentarius Commission concluded that nutrient losses insignificant up to 10 kGy**
- **Losses may be even lower, if irradiation done at high dose rates (Brasch and Huber, 1947; Singh, 1991)**

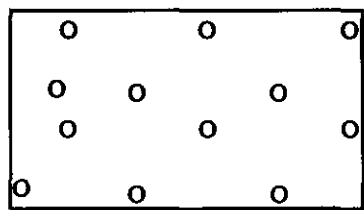
## Typical Irradiators and Their Dose Rates<sup>1</sup>

| <b>Irradiator<sup>2</sup></b>                   | <b>Beam Voltage<br/>(MeV)</b> | <b>Dose Rate<br/>(Gy·s<sup>-1</sup>)</b>                |
|-------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>High Voltage<br/>Engineering Corporation</b> | <b>0.3 to 3.0</b>             | <b>2.5 x 10<sup>4</sup><br/>to 2.5 x 10<sup>6</sup></b> |
| <b>Nissin High Voltage</b>                      | <b>0.5 to 3.0</b>             | <b>8 x 10<sup>5</sup></b>                               |
| <b>Radiation Dynamics</b>                       | <b>0.4 to 4.5</b>             | <b>10<sup>6</sup></b>                                   |
| <b>AECL, I-10/1</b>                             | <b>10</b>                     | <b>2 x 10<sup>3</sup></b>                               |
| <b>AECL, I-10/50</b>                            | <b>10</b>                     | <b>10<sup>5</sup></b>                                   |
| <b>Nordion, Co-60</b>                           | <b>1.17, 1.33</b>             | <b>4 to 10</b>                                          |

<sup>1</sup> Singh, 1991; <sup>2</sup> Electron accelerators, except for the last item

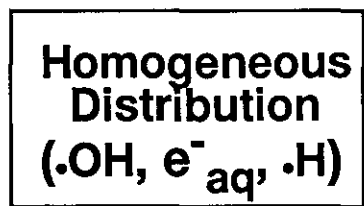
# Transition From Inhomogeneous to Homogeneous Distribution of Free Radicals in Liquid Water

(i)  $\gamma$  Irrad  
 $\sim 10^{-12}$  s



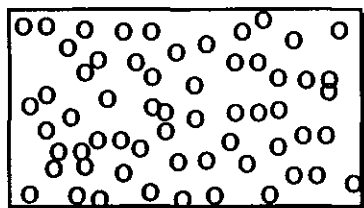
[Spur] -Low number  
 $[e^-_{aq}] \approx [\cdot OH] \approx 0.1 \text{ mol.dm}^{-3} (Av)^a$   
 $[\cdot OH] \approx 2 \text{ mol.dm}^{-3} (\text{Spur Core})^b$

(ii)  $G(e^-_{aq})$   
 $\sim 2.7$   
 $G(\cdot OH)$   
 $\sim 2.7$



$[e^-_{aq}] \approx [\cdot OH] \approx 10^{-9} \text{ mol.dm}^{-3} (\gamma)^c$   
 $\approx 10^{-3} \text{ to } 10^{-6} \text{ mol.dm}^{-3} (e^-)^d$

(iii)  $e^-$  Irrad  
 $\sim 10^{-12}$  s



[Spur] -Very high number  
 $[e^-_{aq}] \approx [\cdot OH] \approx 0.1 \text{ mol.dm}^{-3} (Av)^a$   
 $[\cdot OH] \approx 2 \text{ mol.dm}^{-3} (\text{Spur Core})^b$

a. Averaged over total spur volume; b. Initial Concentration within the spur core; c.  $\gamma$  - Irradiation; d.  $e^-$  - Irradiation

## **Transition From Inhomogeneous to Homogeneous Distribution of Free Radicals in Liquid Water**

- (i) Represents spur formation on energy absorption from a single gamma photon in  $10^{-12}$  s or less**
- (ii) Shows homogeneous distribution of reactive species on diffusion of spurs in about  $10^{-7}$  s**
- (iii) Represents spur formation on energy absorption from a single electron in  $10^{-12}$  s or less. The higher spur concentration [spur] on electron irradiation is not drawn to scale**

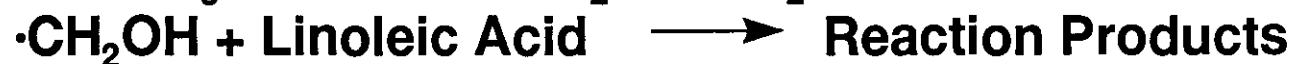
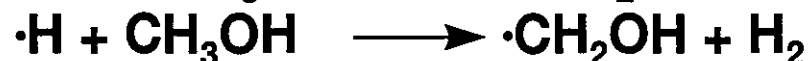
**Singh (1991)**

## Dose Rate Effect on Product Formation from Linoleic Acid<sup>1</sup>

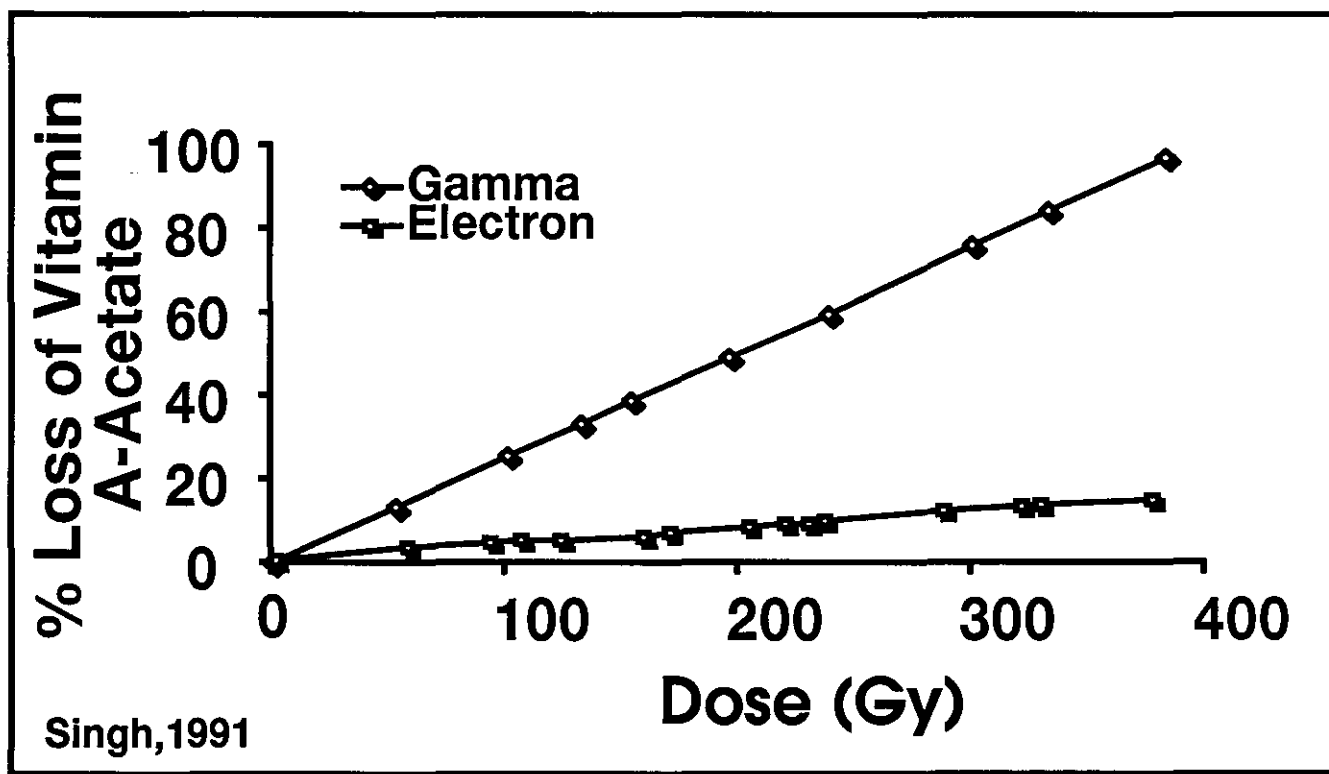
| Dose Rate <sup>2</sup><br>(Gy/min) | Product<br>(10 <sup>-5</sup> mol.dm <sup>-3</sup> ) |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| ~ 0.10                             | 28.2                                                |
| ~ 0.33                             | 11.8                                                |
| ~ 0.98                             | 5.0                                                 |
| ~ 5.40                             | 2.0                                                 |

<sup>1</sup> Linoleic acid,  $5.8 \times 10^{-3}$  mol·dm<sup>-3</sup> in borate buffer, pH 9,  
containing 5% CH<sub>3</sub>OH

<sup>2</sup> Total dose ~10 Gy



## Effect of Dose Rate on Vitamin A-Acetate in Isopropanol Solution



- Dose Rate: Electron,  $\sim 10^4$  and Gamma  $\sim 10$  Gy/s

## Dose Rate Effect on $\alpha$ -Tocopherol in Sunflower Oil

| Radiation Source              | Dose (kGy) | Dose Rate (Gy/s)      | Tocopherol Loss (%) |                |
|-------------------------------|------------|-----------------------|---------------------|----------------|
|                               |            |                       | In Nitrogen         | In Air         |
| $^{60}\text{Co}$              | 1          | 1.8                   | 30.1                | 36.5           |
|                               | 10         | 1.8                   | 89.4                | 94.6           |
| X-ray (5 mA)<br>(20 mA)       | 1          | 4                     | 30.1 $\pm$ 1.0      | 34.8 $\pm$ 0.6 |
|                               | 10         | 16                    | 86.0 $\pm$ 1.3      | 90.7 $\pm$ 1.2 |
| Van de Graaff<br>(1 MeV)      | 1          | 2.5 x 10 <sup>4</sup> | 27.8 $\pm$ 0.4      | 33.5 $\pm$ 0.3 |
|                               | 10         | 2.5 x 10 <sup>4</sup> | 91.1 $\pm$ 1.4      | 95.9 $\pm$ 0.5 |
| Linear accelerator<br>(10MeV) | 1          | 10 <sup>7</sup>       | 27.0                | 32.2           |

Singh (1991)

- The losses are rather similar, with a hint of lower losses at higher dose rates

## Effect of Gamma and Electron Irradiation on Ascorbic Acid (Vitamin C) Content of Citrus Fruit Section<sup>1</sup>

| Treatment                                                     | Ascorbic Acid Content<br>(mg per fruit section) |      |      |      |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|
|                                                               | Dose (kGy)                                      |      |      |      |
|                                                               | 1                                               | 2    | 3    | 5    |
| Unirradiated<br>(control)                                     | 16.6                                            | 21.2 | 18.9 | 18.6 |
| Electron irradiation<br>(1 MeV, 0.4 $\mu$ A/cm <sup>2</sup> ) | 17.0                                            | 22.5 | 18.9 | 17.9 |
| Gamma irradiation<br>(0.6-2.3 kGy/h)                          | 17.2                                            | 21.2 | 18.6 | 17.2 |

<sup>1</sup> Singh (1991)

- At low doses, vitamin C loss appears to be insignificant

## Dose Rate Effect on Vitamins in Sweet Potatoes<sup>1</sup>

| Dose Rate<br>(Gy/s) | Time of<br>Irrad <sup>2</sup><br>(min) | Thiamin                 | Riboflavin         | Ascorbic<br>Acid       | Carotenoids         |
|---------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------|
|                     |                                        | mg/100 g (fresh weight) |                    |                        |                     |
| 3.75                | 4.4                                    | 0.016 <sup>a</sup>      | 0.036 <sup>a</sup> | 16.43 <sup>a b c</sup> | 11.4 <sup>a b</sup> |
| 2.88                | 5.7                                    | 0.015 <sup>a</sup>      | 0.036 <sup>a</sup> | 16.34 <sup>a b c</sup> | 12.8 <sup>a</sup>   |
| 2.06                | 8.0                                    | 0.017 <sup>a</sup>      | 0.03 <sup>a</sup>  | 16.93 <sup>a b</sup>   | 7.7 <sup>c</sup>    |
| 1.37                | 12.1                                   | 0.016 <sup>a</sup>      | 0.04 <sup>a</sup>  | 15.05 <sup>c</sup>     | 8.6 <sup>b c</sup>  |
| 0.27                | 60.0                                   | 0.017 <sup>a</sup>      | 0.04 <sup>a</sup>  | 14.65 <sup>c</sup>     | 7.6 <sup>c</sup>    |
| 0                   | -                                      | 0.018 <sup>a</sup>      | 0.026 <sup>a</sup> | 17.30 <sup>a</sup>     | 12.6 <sup>a</sup>   |

<sup>1</sup> Singh (1991)

<sup>2</sup> Time of irradiation (<sup>60</sup>Co source) at 24°C for a total dose of 1 kGy

<sup>3</sup> Mean values with the same superscripts (a, b, c) in the same column are not significantly different at the 5% level

## Dose Rate Effect on Water-Soluble Vitamins in Enzyme-Inactivated Radappertized Chicken<sup>1</sup> (45-68 kGy at $-25 \pm 15^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

| Vitamin             | Frozen Control          | Gamma                   | Electron                 |
|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| Biotin <sup>2</sup> | 93.0 (100) <sup>3</sup> | 98.0 (105) <sup>3</sup> | 103.0 (111) <sup>3</sup> |
| Choline             | 952.4 (100)             | 1096.0 (115)            | 1001.0 (105)             |
| Folic Acid          | 0.8 (100)               | 1.3 (152)               | 1.5 (177)                |
| Niacin (bound)      | 218.6 (100)             | 209.8 (96)              | 212.1 (97)               |
| Niacin (free)       | 212.9 (100)             | 197.9 (93)              | 208.2 (98)               |
| Pantothenic acid    | 24.0 (100)              | 23.5 (98)               | 24.9 (104)               |
| Riboflavin          | 4.3 (100)               | 4.5 (103)               | 4.9 (113)                |

<sup>1</sup> Singh (1991)

<sup>2</sup> Biotin content given in  $\mu\text{g/kg}$  chicken (dry weight), other data mg/kg

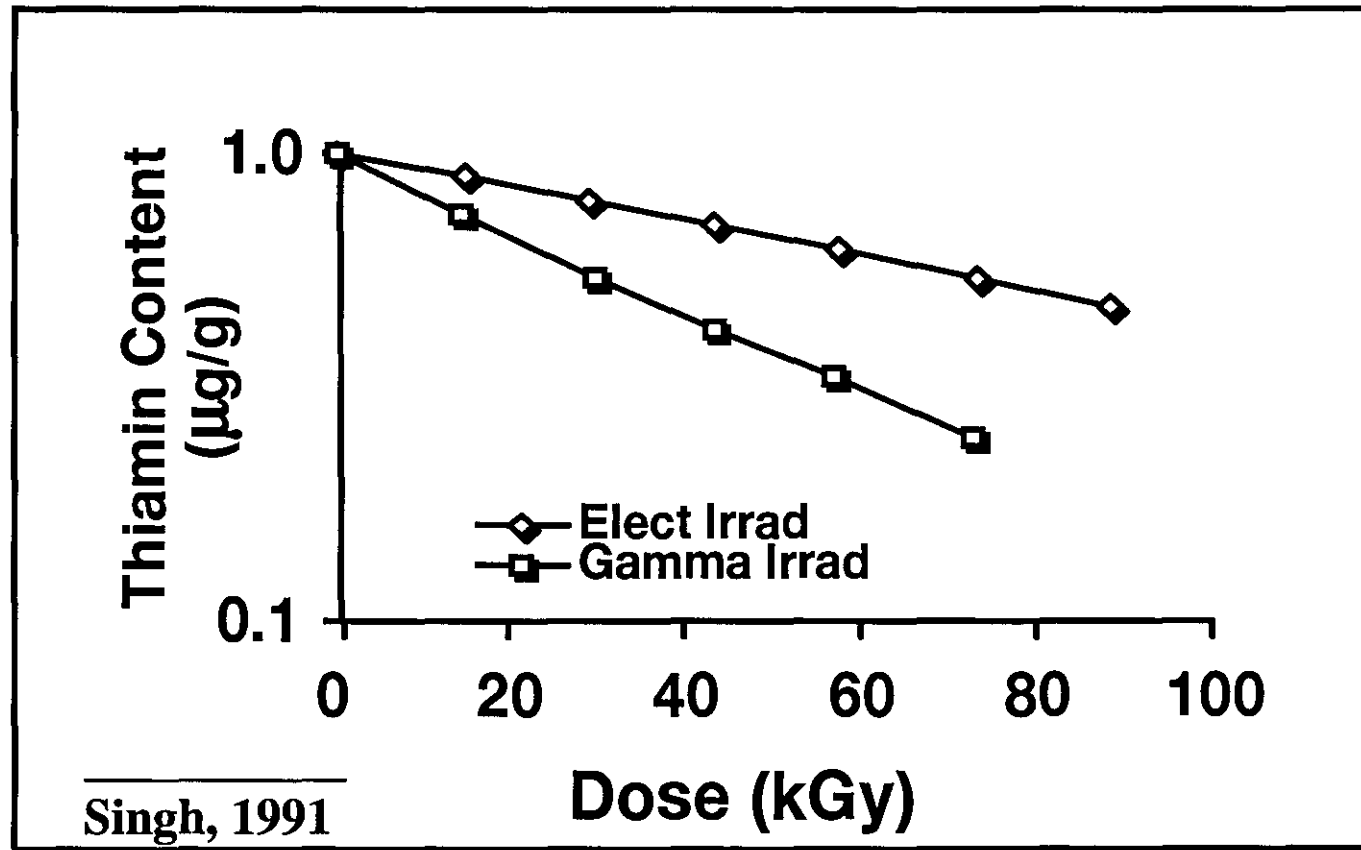
<sup>3</sup> Values in brackets give percentage of frozen control

## Dose Rate Effect on Vitamins in Meat (-30 ± 10°C)

| Vitamin         | System  | Average<br>Total<br>Dose<br>(kGy) | Gamma             | Electron |
|-----------------|---------|-----------------------------------|-------------------|----------|
|                 |         |                                   | Percent Retention |          |
| Thiamin         | Beef    | 58 <sup>1</sup>                   | 23                | 44       |
|                 | Chicken | 58 <sup>1</sup>                   | 26                | 66       |
|                 | Chicken | 45-68 <sup>2</sup>                | ~68               | ~86      |
| Pyrid-<br>oxine | Chicken | 58 <sup>1</sup>                   | 50                | 62       |
|                 | Chicken | 45-68 <sup>2</sup>                | 73                | 93       |

1. Gamma and electron dose rates assumed to be ~14 Gy/s and ~10<sup>6</sup> Gy/s respectively (Singh, 1991)
2. Gamma and electron dose rates 9.6 and ~10<sup>6</sup> Gy/s, respectively (Thayer, personal communication)

## Effect of Dose Rate on Thiamin in Pork Irradiated at -45°C



- Initial thiamin concentration about 9 µg/g in pork
- Dose Rate: Electron, ~106 and Gamma ~14 Gy/s

**Amino Acid Content (g/100g Protein) of Irradiated  
Enzyme-Inactivated Chicken at High Doses (45-68 kGy  
at  $-25 \pm 15^{\circ}\text{C}$ )**

| <b>Amino Acid</b>     | <b>Frozen Control</b> | <b>Electron<br/>(<math>10^6</math> Gy/s)</b> | <b>Gamma<br/>(9.6 Gy/s)</b> |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| <b>Alanine</b>        | <b>5.76</b>           | <b>5.85</b>                                  | <b>5.84</b>                 |
| <b>Arginine</b>       | <b>6.24</b>           | <b>6.38</b>                                  | <b>6.37</b>                 |
| <b>Aspartic acid</b>  | <b>8.94</b>           | <b>8.84</b>                                  | <b>8.98</b>                 |
| <b>Cysteine</b>       | <b>0.91</b>           | <b>0.93</b>                                  | <b>0.96</b>                 |
| <b>Glutamic acid</b>  | <b>14.33</b>          | <b>14.37</b>                                 | <b>14.19</b>                |
| <b>Glycine</b>        | <b>5.83</b>           | <b>5.87</b>                                  | <b>4.21</b>                 |
| <b>Histidine</b>      | <b>4.05</b>           | <b>4.36</b>                                  | <b>5.96</b>                 |
| <b>Hydroxyproline</b> | <b>0.28</b>           | <b>0.28</b>                                  | <b>0.27</b>                 |
| <b>Isoleucine</b>     | <b>4.51</b>           | <b>4.67</b>                                  | <b>4.70</b>                 |
| <b>Leucine</b>        | <b>7.53</b>           | <b>7.64</b>                                  | <b>7.69</b>                 |
| <b>Lysine</b>         | <b>8.34</b>           | <b>8.49</b>                                  | <b>8.55</b>                 |
| <b>Methionine</b>     | <b>2.52</b>           | <b>2.57</b>                                  | <b>2.48</b>                 |
| <b>Phenylalanine</b>  | <b>3.78</b>           | <b>3.79</b>                                  | <b>3.74</b>                 |
| <b>Proline</b>        | <b>4.02</b>           | <b>4.34</b>                                  | <b>4.45</b>                 |
| <b>Serine</b>         | <b>3.72</b>           | <b>3.60</b>                                  | <b>3.73</b>                 |
| <b>Threonine</b>      | <b>4.11</b>           | <b>3.94</b>                                  | <b>4.14</b>                 |
| <b>Tryptophan</b>     | <b>1.16</b>           | <b>1.20</b>                                  | <b>1.25</b>                 |
| <b>Tyrosine</b>       | <b>3.38</b>           | <b>3.22</b>                                  | <b>3.34</b>                 |
| <b>Valine</b>         | <b>4.79</b>           | <b>4.93</b>                                  | <b>5.02</b>                 |

Singh (1991)

## Dose Rate Effect on the Amino Acid Content (g/100g Protein) of Raw Beef at Low Dose (6 kGy)

| Amino Acid             | <sup>60</sup> Co    |       | Electron Irradiation |                     |                     |                     |
|------------------------|---------------------|-------|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
|                        | Control Irradiation |       | 2 MeV                |                     | 4 MeV               |                     |
|                        | 0                   | 5.3   | Dose Rate (Gy/s)     |                     | 2 X 10 <sup>2</sup> | 2 X 10 <sup>3</sup> |
|                        |                     |       | 2 x 10 <sup>2</sup>  | 2 x 10 <sup>3</sup> |                     |                     |
| Cystine                | 0.72                | 0.86  | 0.71                 | 0.87                | 0.65                | 0.62                |
| Lysine and histidine   | 15.42               | 14.95 | 13.46                | 15.07               | 14.29               | 13.79               |
| Arginine               | 7.95                | 7.23  | 7.72                 | 8.09                | 7.32                | 7.65                |
| Aspartic acid          | 7.04                | 7.15  | 6.85                 | 6.65                | 6.41                | 6.78                |
| Serine                 | 2.82                | 2.79  | 2.97                 | 2.60                | 3.04                | 2.96                |
| Glycine                | 3.37                | 3.42  | 3.39                 | 3.61                | 3.91                | 3.75                |
| Glutamic acid          | 11.82               | 11.50 | 11.75                | 11.11               | 12.04               | 11.72               |
| Threonine              | 4.64                | 4.67  | 4.23                 | 4.52                | 4.52                | 4.54                |
| Alanine                | 4.64                | 4.82  | 5.10                 | 4.95                | 5.12                | 5.19                |
| Tyrosine               | 2.84                | 3.03  | 2.74                 | 2.89                | 3.02                | 2.77                |
| Methionine             | 2.48                | 2.52  | 2.38                 | 2.46                | 1.91                | 2.30                |
| Valine                 | 5.35                | 5.15  | 5.21                 | 5.08                | 5.71                | 5.63                |
| Phenylalanine          | 4.10                | 4.15  | 4.57                 | 4.90                | 4.69                | 4.96                |
| Leucine and isoleucine | 9.19                | 9.32  | 10.04                | 9.74                | 9.96                | 9.93                |

Singh (1991)

## **Dose Rate Effect on Selected Amino Acids in Enzyme-Inactivated Beef (-40°C)**

| <b>Amino<br/>Acid</b> | <b>Frozen<br/>Control</b> | <b><sup>60</sup>Co<br/>(47-71 kGy)</b> | <b>e<sup>-</sup>, 10 MeV<br/>(47-71 kGy)</b> |
|-----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| <b>Cystine</b>        | <b>0.28</b>               | <b>0.26</b>                            | <b>0.28</b>                                  |
| <b>Methionine</b>     | <b>0.53</b>               | <b>0.57</b>                            | <b>0.59</b>                                  |
| <b>Tryptophan</b>     | <b>0.25</b>               | <b>0.25</b>                            | <b>0.26</b>                                  |

**Singh (1991)**

- The data suggest absence of a dose rate effect**

## Some Volatile Radiolysis Products Isolated from Irradiated (45 kGy at -30°C) Chicken Meat

|                  | Frozen<br>Control  |                    | Gamma<br>Irrad     |                    | Electron<br>Irrad  |                    |
|------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
|                  | No. 1 <sup>b</sup> | No. 2 <sup>b</sup> | No. 1 <sup>b</sup> | No. 2 <sup>b</sup> | No. 1 <sup>b</sup> | No. 2 <sup>b</sup> |
| Ethane           | -                  | -                  | 110                | 134                | 161                | 196                |
| N-Pentane        | 2                  | 3                  | 107                | 138                | 157                | 191                |
| N-Hexane         | 9                  | 5                  | 173                | 219                | 248                | 301                |
| N-Nonane         | -                  | -                  | 101                | 131                | 153                | 187                |
| Ethylene         | -                  | -                  | 13                 | 21                 | 21                 | 26                 |
| Nonene           | -                  | -                  | 51                 | 55                 | 79                 | 86                 |
| Methyl alcohol   | -                  | -                  | 31                 | 35                 | 48                 | 52                 |
| Ethyl alcohol    | -                  | -                  | 50                 | 55                 | 77                 | 84                 |
| Acetone          | 1                  | 1                  | 41                 | 43                 | 63                 | 69                 |
| Ethyl mercaptan  |                    |                    | 6                  | 7                  | 3                  | 6                  |
| Dimethyl sulfide | +                  | +                  | 3                  | 4                  | 4                  | 3                  |
| Tetradecadiene   |                    |                    | 17                 | 17                 | 26                 | 28                 |

<sup>a</sup> Based on data of Merritt (1984), µg/kg chicken meat

<sup>b</sup> Samples of two different production lots (No. 1 and No. 2) were processed simultaneously; experimental error high

## Dose Rate Effect on Percentage of Tuber Sprouting in Two Varieties of Potatoes

| Potato<br>Variety | Total<br>Dose<br>(Gy) | Dose Rate (Gy/min) |     |    |
|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-----|----|
|                   |                       | 0                  | 2.5 | 30 |
|                   |                       | Percent Sprouting  |     |    |
| Gola              | 60                    | 100                | 15  | 0  |
| Up-to-Date        | 90                    | 100                | 20  | 0  |

Singh (1991)

- The higher dose rate appears to be more efficient in preventing tuber sprouting

## Sensory Evaluation of Gamma- and Electron-Irradiated Walla Walla Onions<sup>1</sup>

| Irradiation Treatment                   | Fresh      |                      |                    |                    | Cooked <sup>2</sup> |                    |                    |
|-----------------------------------------|------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
|                                         | Dose (kGy) | Firmness             | Flavour            | Taste              | Firmness            | Flavour            | Taste              |
| Electron (2 MeV, ~10 <sup>5</sup> Gy/s) | 0          | 7.0 <sup>a</sup>     | 6.7 <sup>a</sup>   | 6.4 <sup>a</sup>   | 6.4 <sup>a</sup>    | 4.8 <sup>b</sup>   | 4.9 <sup>c</sup>   |
|                                         | 0.1        | 6.1 <sup>a</sup>     | 7.3 <sup>a</sup>   | 6.8 <sup>a</sup>   | 7.3 <sup>a</sup>    | 7.3 <sup>a</sup>   | 7.0 <sup>a</sup>   |
|                                         | 1.0        | 6.6 <sup>a</sup>     | 6.7 <sup>a,b</sup> | 6.6 <sup>a</sup>   | 5.9 <sup>3</sup>    | 5.5 <sup>a,b</sup> | 5.4 <sup>b,c</sup> |
|                                         | 2.0        | 6.8 <sup>a</sup>     | 5.6 <sup>b</sup>   | 6.4 <sup>a</sup>   | 7.0 <sup>a</sup>    | 6.5 <sup>a,b</sup> | 7.0 <sup>a</sup>   |
| Gamma (22.8 Gy/s)                       | 0          | 6.6 <sup>a,b,c</sup> | 6.4 <sup>a</sup>   | 6.6 <sup>a,b</sup> | 7.1 <sup>a</sup>    | 6.5 <sup>a</sup>   | 7.0 <sup>a</sup>   |
|                                         | 0.1        | 6.2 <sup>a,b,c</sup> | 6.0 <sup>a</sup>   | 6.0 <sup>b</sup>   | 6.8 <sup>a,b</sup>  | 6.3 <sup>a</sup>   | 6.5 <sup>a</sup>   |
|                                         | 1.0        | 7.0 <sup>a,b</sup>   | 7.2 <sup>a</sup>   | 7.1 <sup>a,b</sup> | 6.4 <sup>a,b</sup>  | 5.5 <sup>a</sup>   | 5.9 <sup>a</sup>   |
|                                         | 2.0        | 6.8 <sup>a,b,c</sup> | 6.6 <sup>a</sup>   | 6.5 <sup>a,b</sup> | 6.7 <sup>a,b</sup>  | 6.2 <sup>a</sup>   | 5.9 <sup>a</sup>   |

<sup>1</sup> Singh (1991). A nine-point hedonic scale: 9=like extremely; 1 = dislike extremely  
Mean values with the same superscripts (a,b,c) in the same columns are not different (P < 0.05)

<sup>2</sup> Chopped onions cooked for 2 min at 250°C

## Expert Panel Evaluation of Dose Rate Effect on the Sensory Characteristics of Enzyme-Inactivated Radappertized Chicken Meat<sup>1</sup>

| Treatment             | Overall Score <sup>2</sup>            |                                       |                                       |                                       |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|                       | Colour                                | Odour                                 | Flavour                               | Texture                               |
| Gamma <sup>3</sup>    | 6.28 <sup>b</sup> ± 0.73 <sup>b</sup> | 6.04 <sup>a</sup> ± 0.53 <sup>6</sup> | 5.43 <sup>a</sup> ± 0.38 <sup>6</sup> | 5.40 <sup>b</sup> ± 0.58 <sup>6</sup> |
| Electron <sup>4</sup> | 6.30 <sup>b</sup> ± 0.73              | 5.98 <sup>a</sup> ± 0.58              | 5.40 <sup>a,b</sup> ± 0.56            | 5.35 <sup>b</sup> ± 0.54              |
| FC <sup>5</sup>       | 6.45 <sup>b</sup> ± 0.44              | 6.68 <sup>b</sup> ± 0.48              | 6.40 <sup>b</sup> ± 0.47              | 6.11 <sup>c</sup> ± 0.42              |

<sup>1</sup> Singh (1991)

<sup>2</sup> Expert panel, n= 10; average data for 4 storage times x preparations for serving (n=80)

<sup>3</sup> <sup>60</sup>Co, dose rate ~ 5 x 10<sup>2</sup> Gy/s

<sup>4</sup> 10-MeV LINAC, ~10<sup>6</sup> Gy/s

<sup>5</sup> Frozen control

<sup>6</sup> Mean values with different superscripts in the same column (a,b,c) are significantly different (P < 0.05)

## Consumer Preference Ratings of Irradiated Roast Beef<sup>1</sup>

|                |               | Average Preference Rating <sup>2</sup> |                       |                      |
|----------------|---------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| Experiment No. | No. of Raters | <sup>60</sup> Co <sup>3</sup>          | Electron <sup>3</sup> | Control <sup>3</sup> |
| 1              | 32            | 5.5                                    | 5.4                   | 5.5                  |
| 2              | 32            | 6.2                                    | 5.6                   | 6.1                  |
| 3              | 32            | 5.4                                    | 5.8                   | 6.0                  |
| 4              | 32            | 6.6                                    | 5.9                   | 6.2                  |
| 5              | 32            | 5.6                                    | 6.3                   | 6.0                  |
| 6              | 30            | 5.0                                    | 5.6                   | 4.8                  |
| 7              | 30            | 5.8                                    | 6.3                   | 5.4                  |

<sup>1</sup> Singh (1991)

<sup>2</sup> Nine-point hedonic scale: 9=like extremely; 5=neither like nor dislike extremely

<sup>3</sup> Dose 47 to 71 kGy at  $-30 \pm 10^{\circ}\text{C}$